

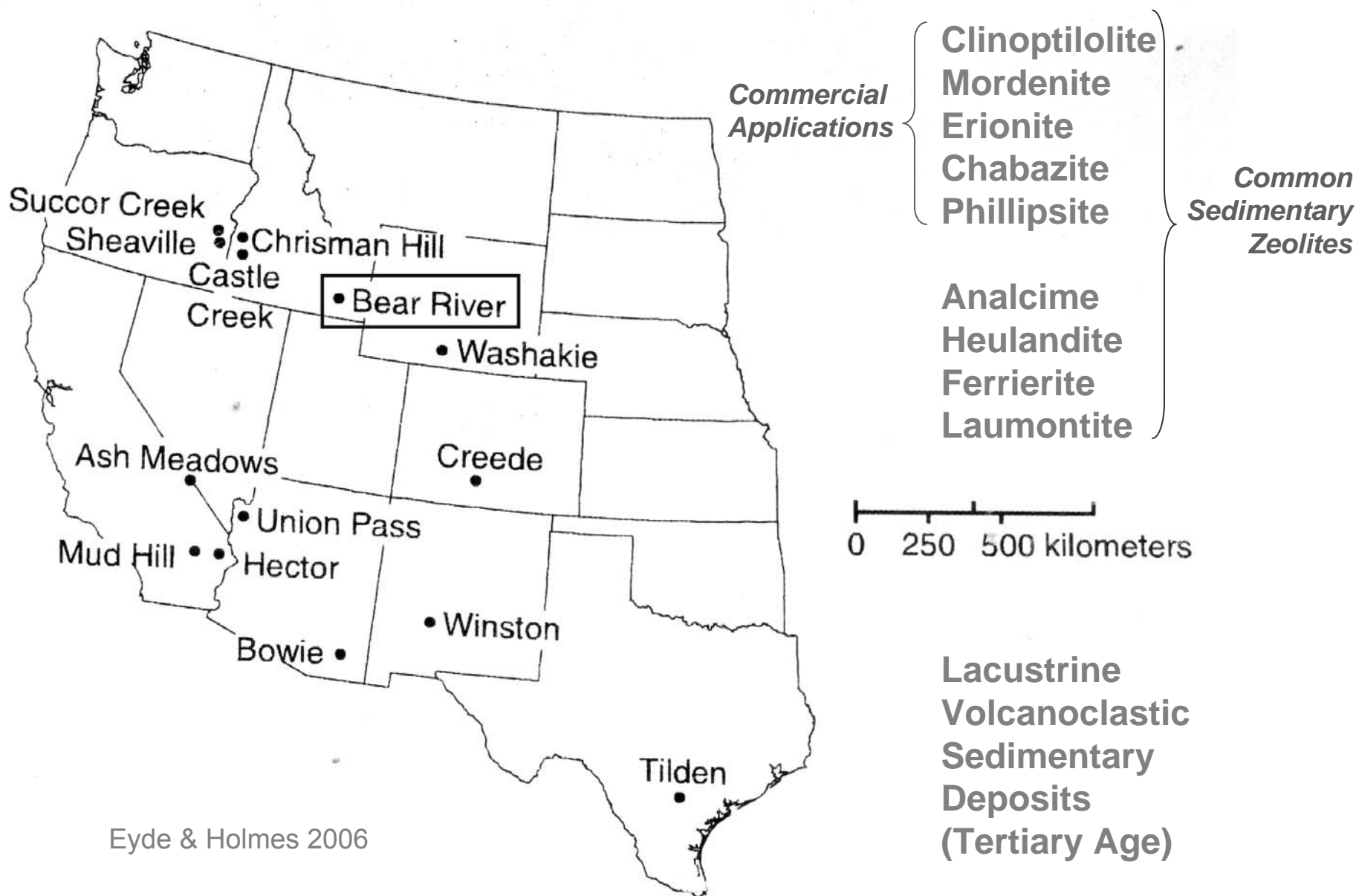
A NEW LOOK TO AN OLD POZZOLAN

**CLINOPTILOLITE –
A PROMISING POZZOLAN IN CONCRETE**



**DIPAYAN JANA
Construction Materials Consultants, Inc. &
Applied Petrographic Services, Inc.
Greensburg, PA USA**

PRODUCTIVE ZEOLITE DEPOSITS IN THE USA

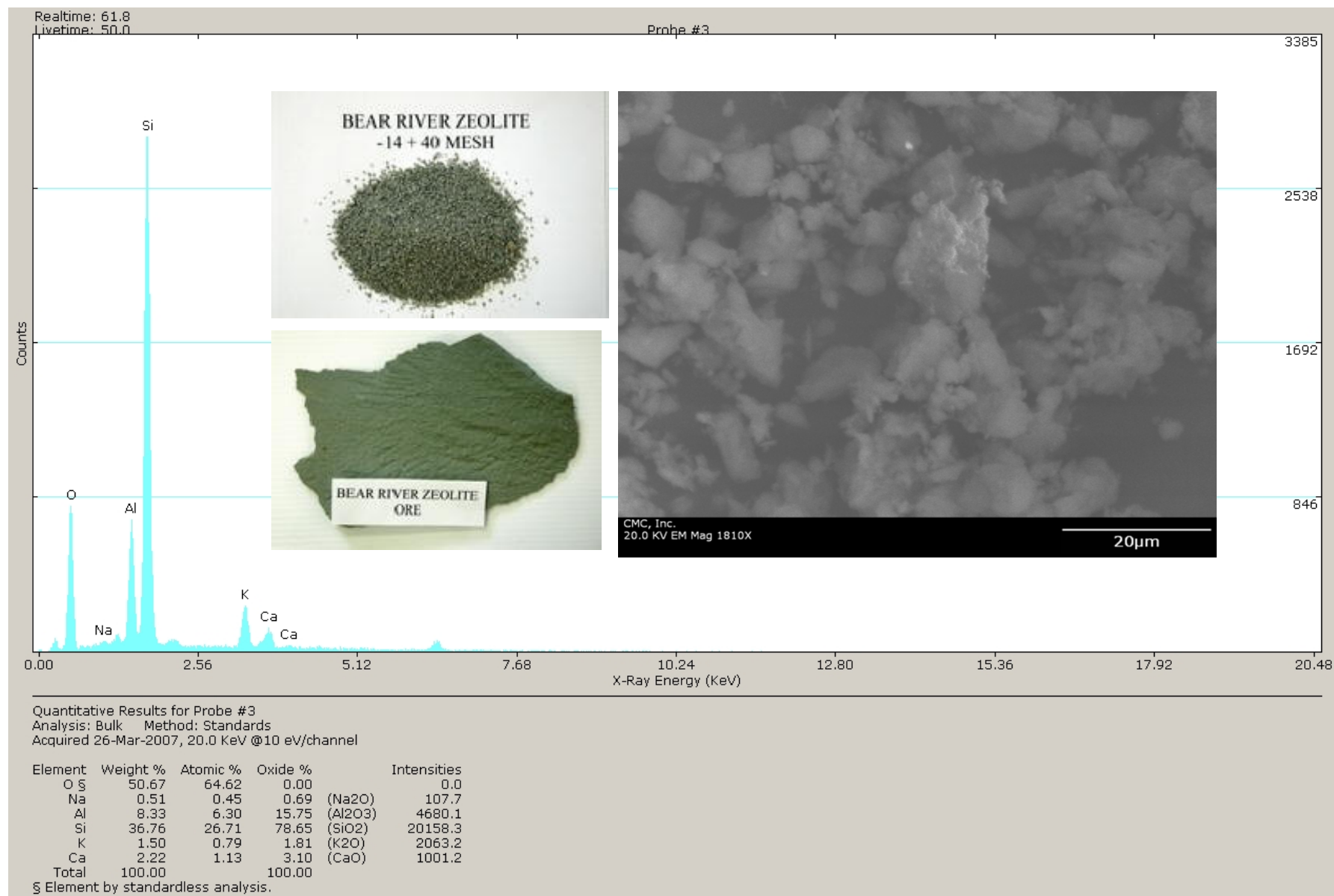


THE BEAR RIVER ZEOLITE, PRESTON, IDAHO

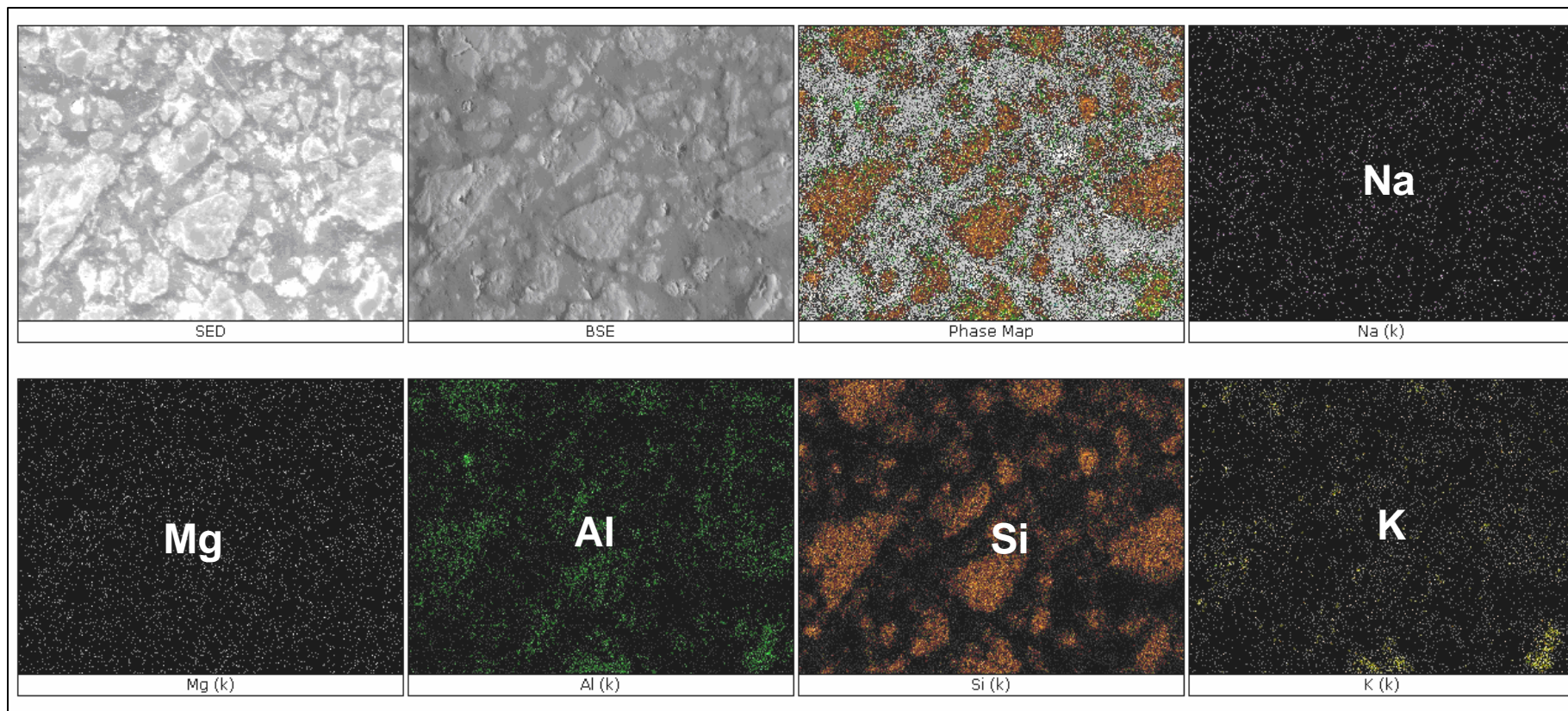
- A wholly owned subsidiary of U.S. Antimony Corporation



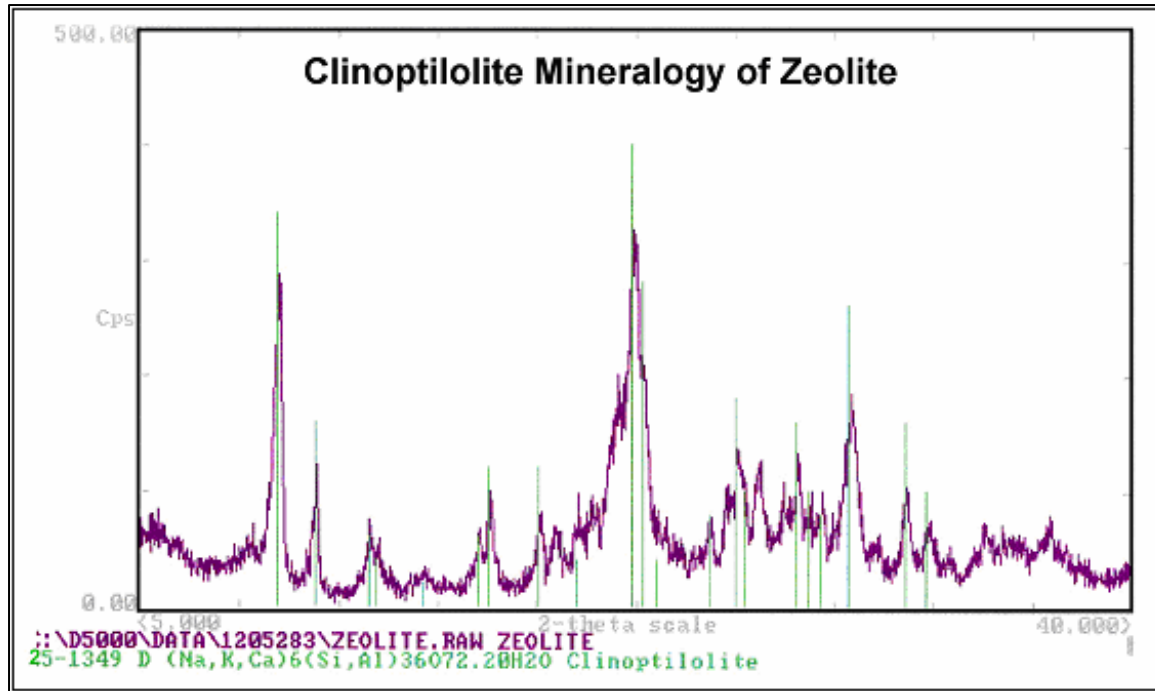
CLINOPTILOLITE $[(\text{Na}_4\text{K}_4)(\text{Al}_8\text{Si}_{40}\text{O}_{96})\cdot 24\text{H}_2\text{O}]$



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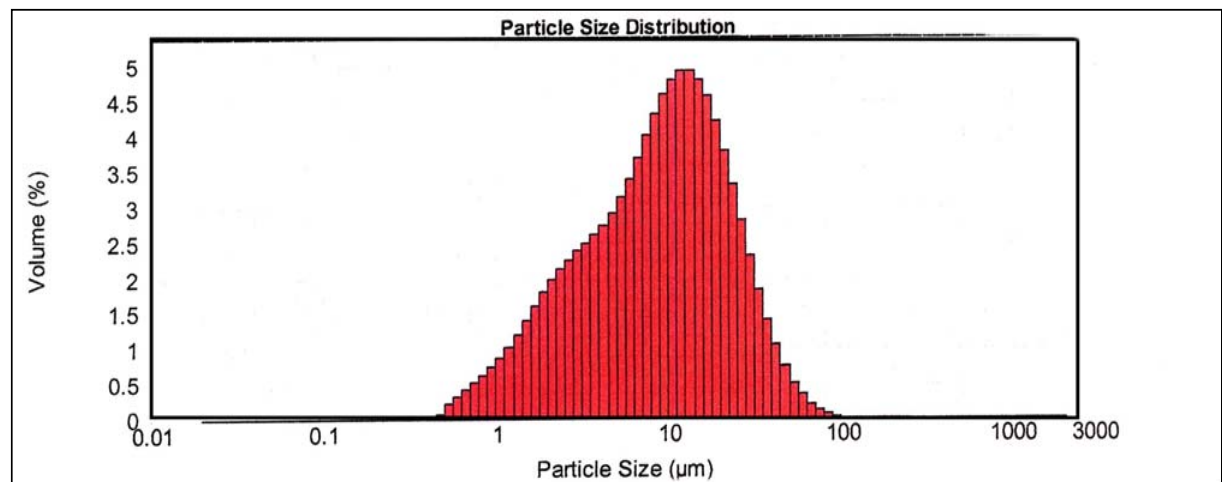


BEAR RIVER ZEOLITE – 85-90% CLINOPTILOLITE



XRD Pattern of BRZ Deposits

Mean Particle Size = 12.2 μm



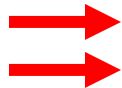
Malvern Mastersizer Laser Diffractor

ZEOLITE MEETS THE TYPE N SPECIFICATION OF ASTM C 618

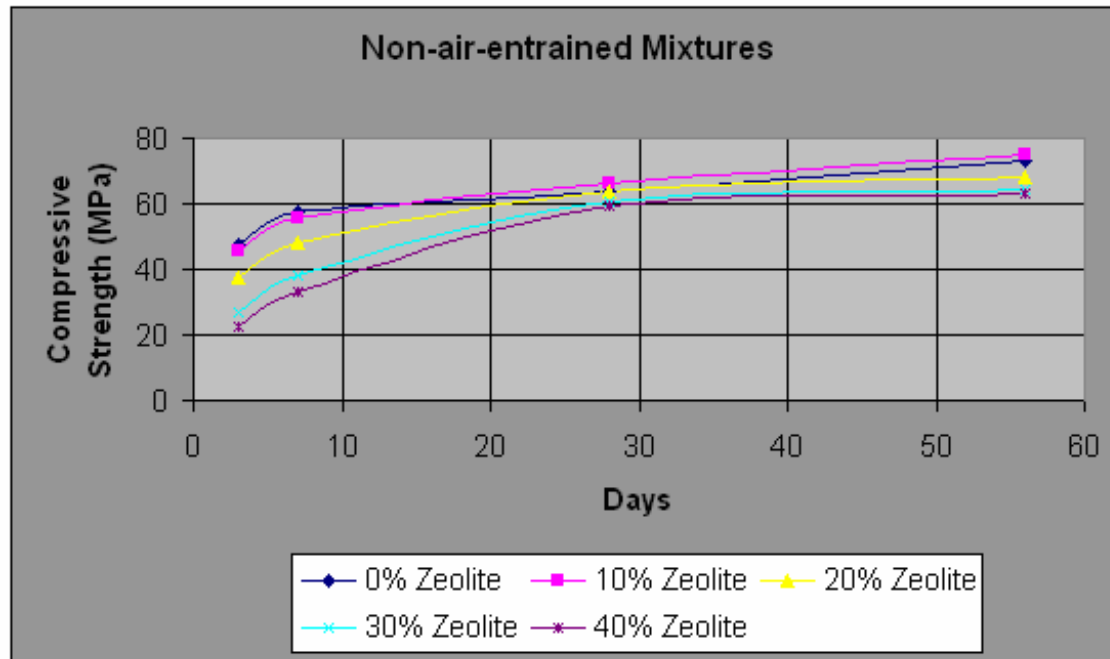
Properties	Zeolite (Clinoptilolite) used in this study	ASTM C 618 Type N Pozzolan
Silicon Dioxide (SiO ₂)	70.32	-
Aluminum Oxide (Al ₂ O ₃)	12.55	-
Ferric Oxide (Fe ₂ O ₃)	3.38	-
SiO ₂ + Al ₂ O ₃ + Fe ₂ O ₃	86.25	70 (min)
Sulfur Trioxide (SO ₃)	0.02	4 (max)
Calcium Oxide (CaO)	3.05	-
Magnesium Oxide (MgO)	0.48	-
Sodium Oxide (Na ₂ O)	0.03	-
Potassium Oxide (K ₂ O)	5.50	-
Equivalent Alkali – Sodium Oxide (Na ₂ O _{eq})	3.65	-
L.O.I. (loss of ignition)	4.63	10 (max)
L.O.I. @ 110°C	3.00	3 (max)
L.O.I. @ 110° - 750°C (for cements @ 950°C)	4.63	-
Density, g/ml @ 20°C	2.19	-
Blaine Fineness, m ² /kg	1107	-
Zeolite Color	Pale Green	-
Mohs Hardness of zeolite	4	-
Percent retained on 325 sieve (45-µm), as received	26.94	34 (max)
Percent retained on 45-µm sieve, after grinding by hand	3.22	-
Autoclave soundness	0.02	+0.8 (max)
Strength Activity Index	See below:	See Below:
- Water (percent of control)	110.0	115 (max)
- 7-day (percent of control)	75.5	75 (min)
- 28-day (percent of control)	111.90	75 (min)
Free Moisture Content	3.0	3 (max)

CONCRETE MIX DESIGN & FRESH CONCRETE PROPERTIES

Mixtures	Non-air-entrained Mixtures					Air-entrained Mixtures		
Percent Zeolite Replacement	0	10	20	30	40	0	10	30
Mixture Proportions Per Cubic Yard								
Portland Cement, Type I, kg.	356	320	285	249	214	356	320	285
Zeolite Ultrafine, kg.	0	36	71	107	142	0	36	71
Coarse Aggregate, #67 Limestone, kg. (SSD)	1068	1068	1068	1068	1068	1068	1068	1068
Fine Aggregate, Sand, kg. (SSD)	893	879	867	854	842	776	762	737
Aggregate-to-Cementitious Materials Ratio	5.5	5.5	5.4	5.4	5.4	5.2	5.1	5.1
Water, kg.	134	134	134	134	134	134	134	134
MB-VR (A.E.A.), L	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	0.19	0.27	0.58
Polyheed 997, (MRWR), L	3.33	3.33	3.33	3.33	3.33	3.33	3.33	3.33
Rheobuild 1000 (HRWR), L	2.01	4.03	5.73	8.05	14.6	1.32	2.90	6.85
Mixture Water-Cementitious Ratio (w/cm)	0.38	0.38	0.38	0.38	0.38	0.38	0.38	0.38
Total Water-Cementitious Ratio * - (w/cm)	0.39	0.39	0.39	0.40	0.41	0.39	0.39	0.40
Total Batch Weight, kg., ASTM C 192	2457	2446	2437	2426	2422	2340	2328	2308
Fresh Concrete Properties								
Concrete Temp., °C, ASTM C 1064	20.0	21.1	21.1	21.1	19.4	20	20	19.4
Slump, mm, ASTM C 143	100	100	88	94	100	100	94	94
Air Content, %, ASTM C 231	2.9	2.4	2.3	2.2	2.4	5.5	6.5	5.5
Unit Weight, kg/m ³ , ASTM C 138	2426	2429	2419	2406	2377	2348	2313	2332
Yield, m ³ , ASTM C 138	1.013	1.007	1.007	1.008	1.019	1.00	1.006	0.99
Initial Time of Set, ASTM C 403	7 hr. 45 min.	7 hr. 14 min.	6 hr. 17 min.	5 hr. 50 min.	11 hr. 13 min.	7 hr. 35 min.	7 hr. 42 min.	6 hr. 13 min.
Bleeding, %, ASTM C 232	0.44	0	0	0	0	0	0	0



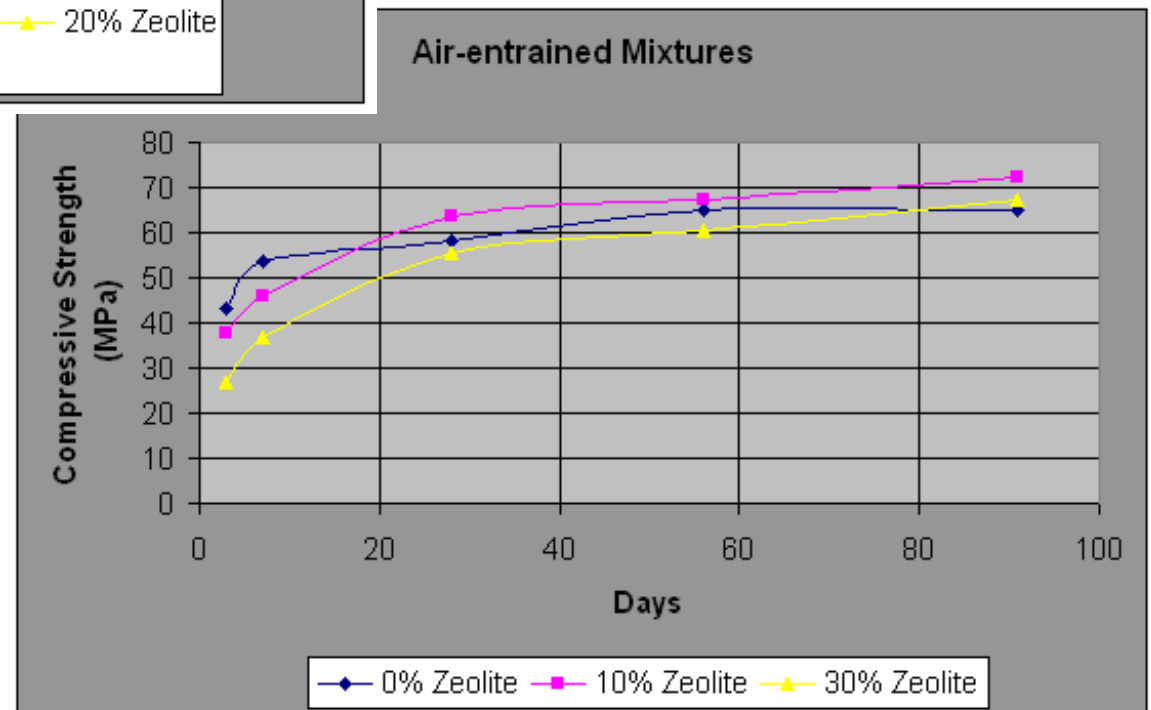
COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH [ASTM C 39]



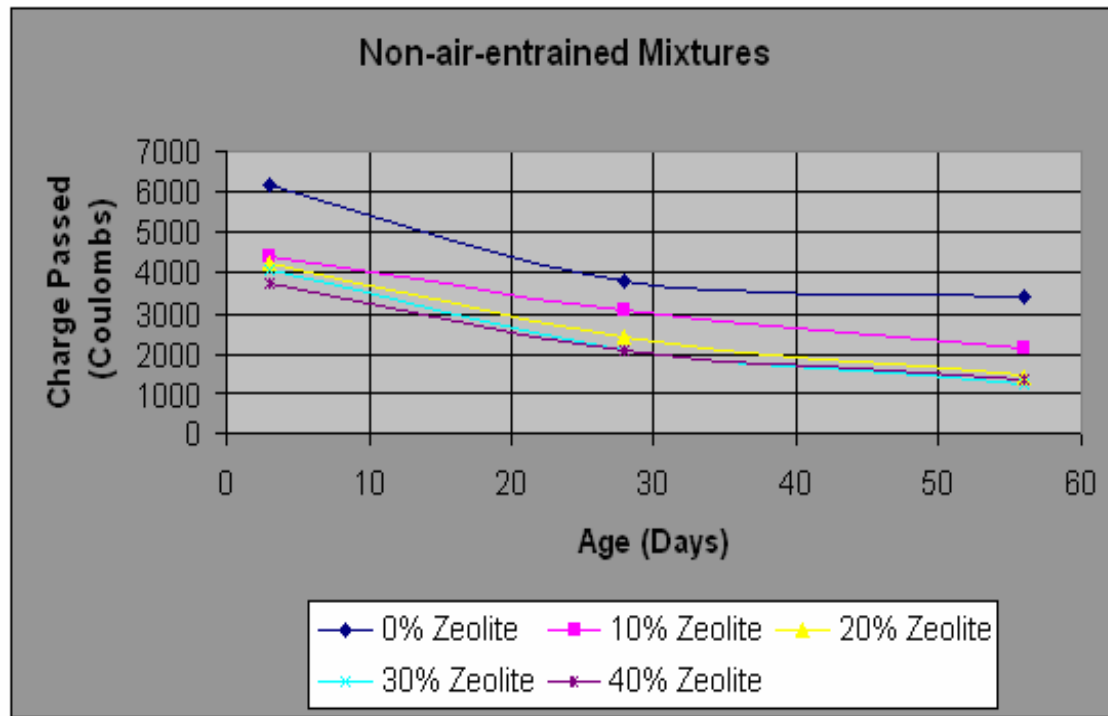
*Neither a major
strength benefit*

*Nor a major
strength loss*

*-Not a major loss,
even at 30% zeolite
is a gain!*

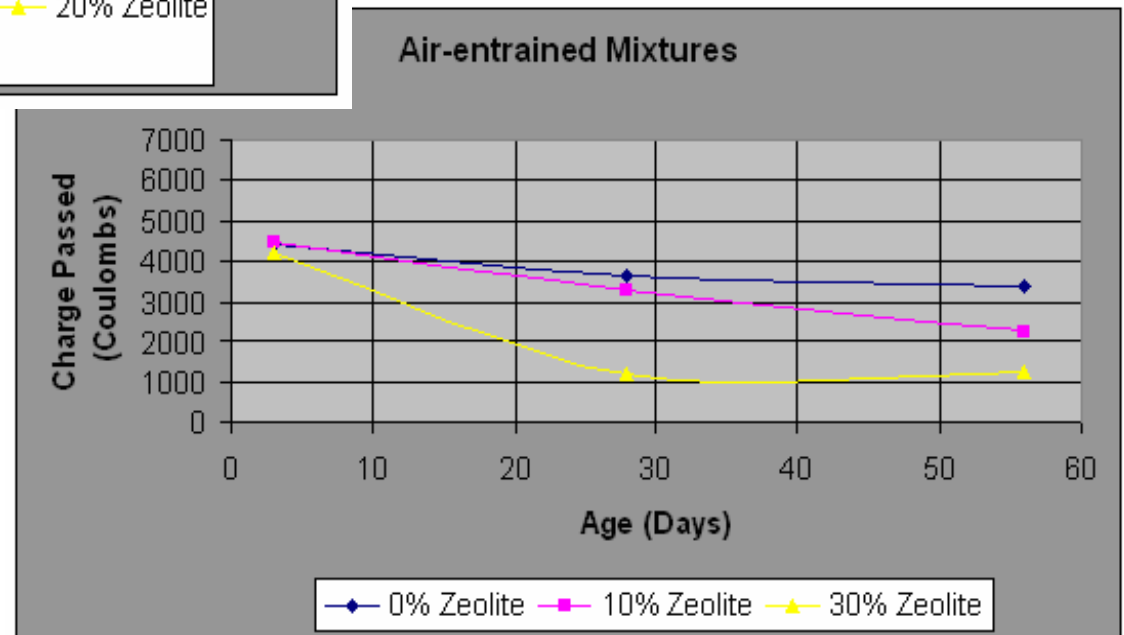


RAPID CHLORIDE PERMEABILITY [ASTM C 1202]

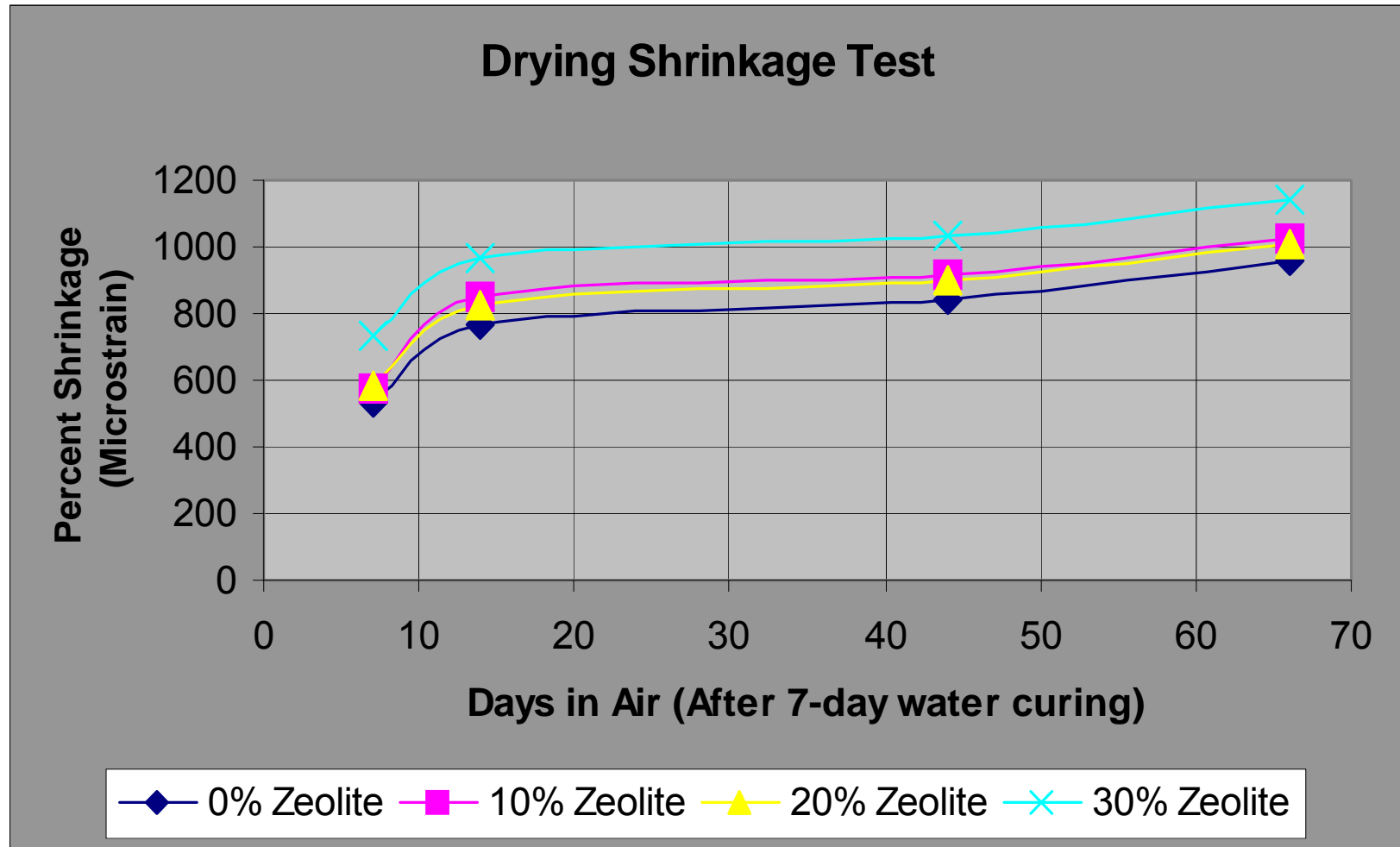


Now we are talking!

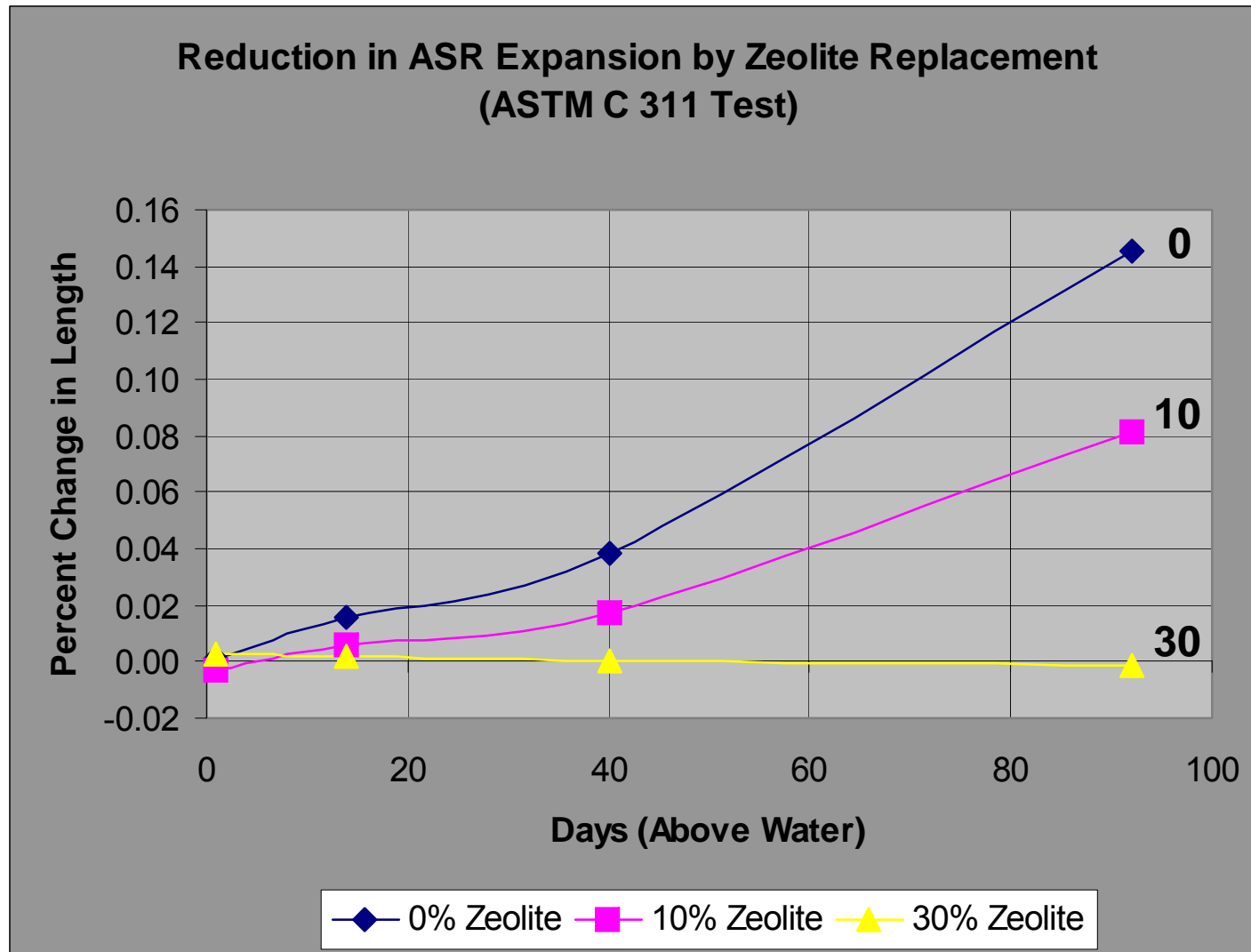
***A significant reduction
In chloride permeability!***



DRYING SHRINKAGE [ASTM C 311]

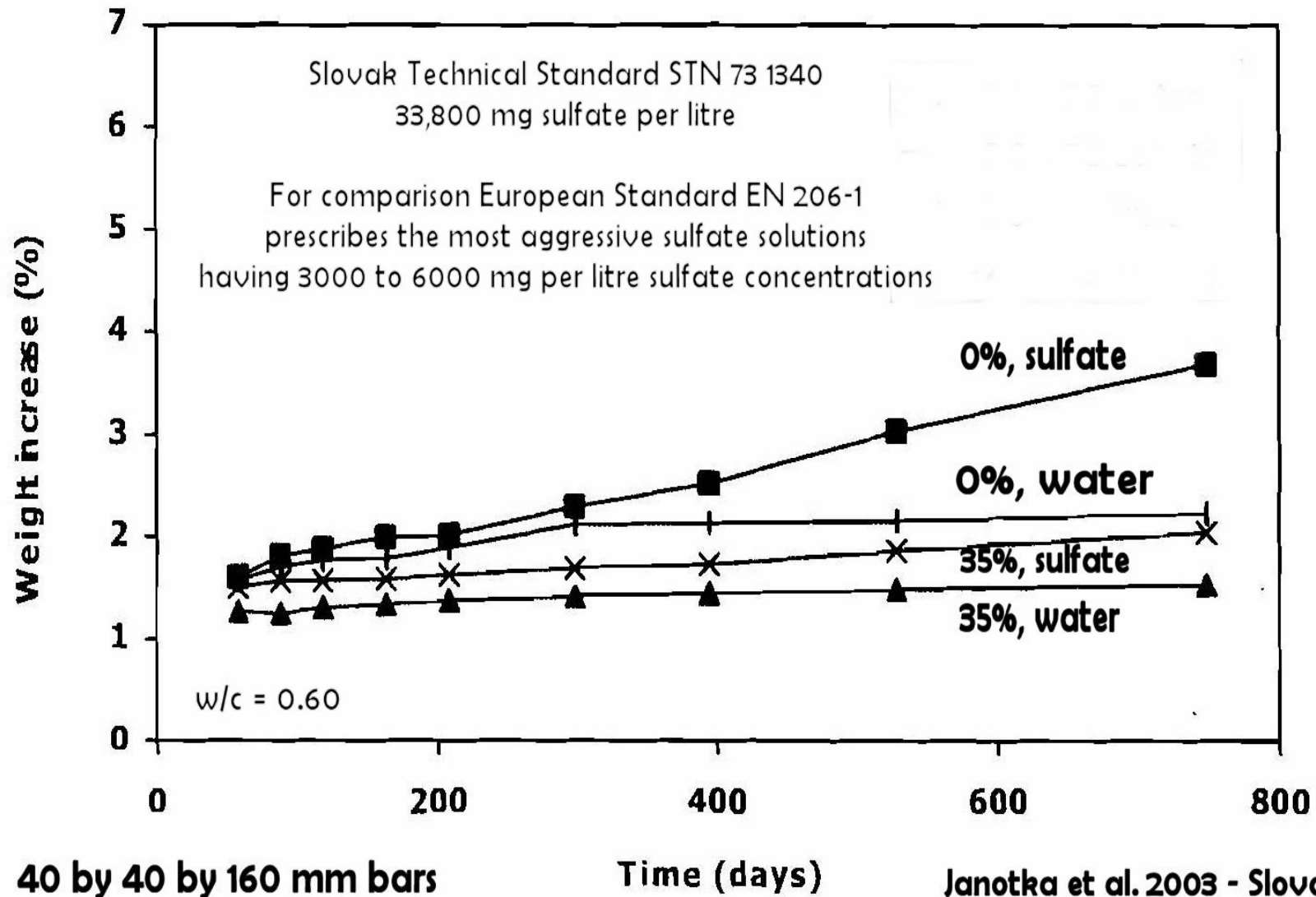


ALKALI – SILICA REACTION [ASTM C 311]

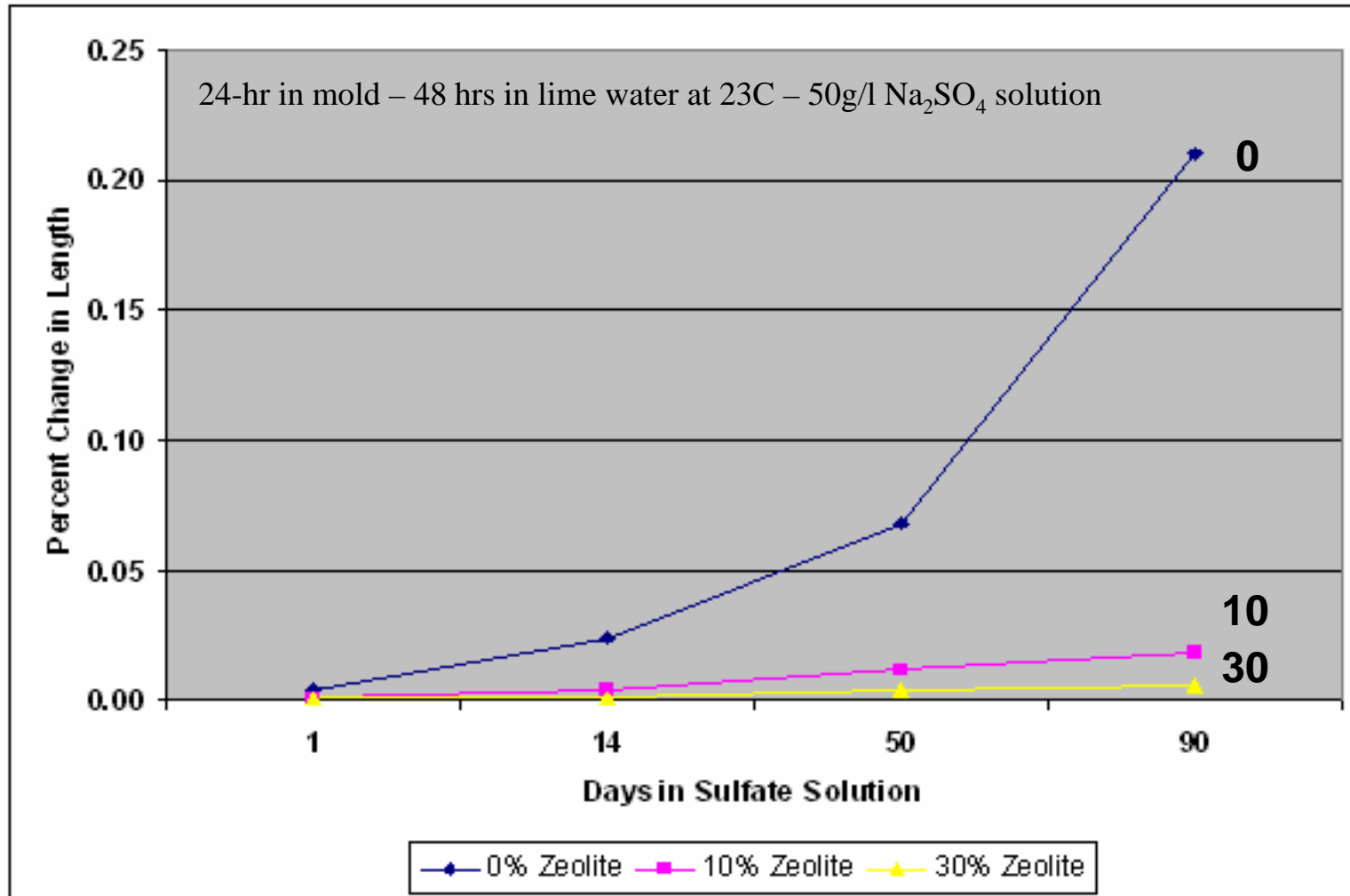


We are talking again – Now a Big Time!

ACID & SULFATE RESISTANCE – A BIG BONUS



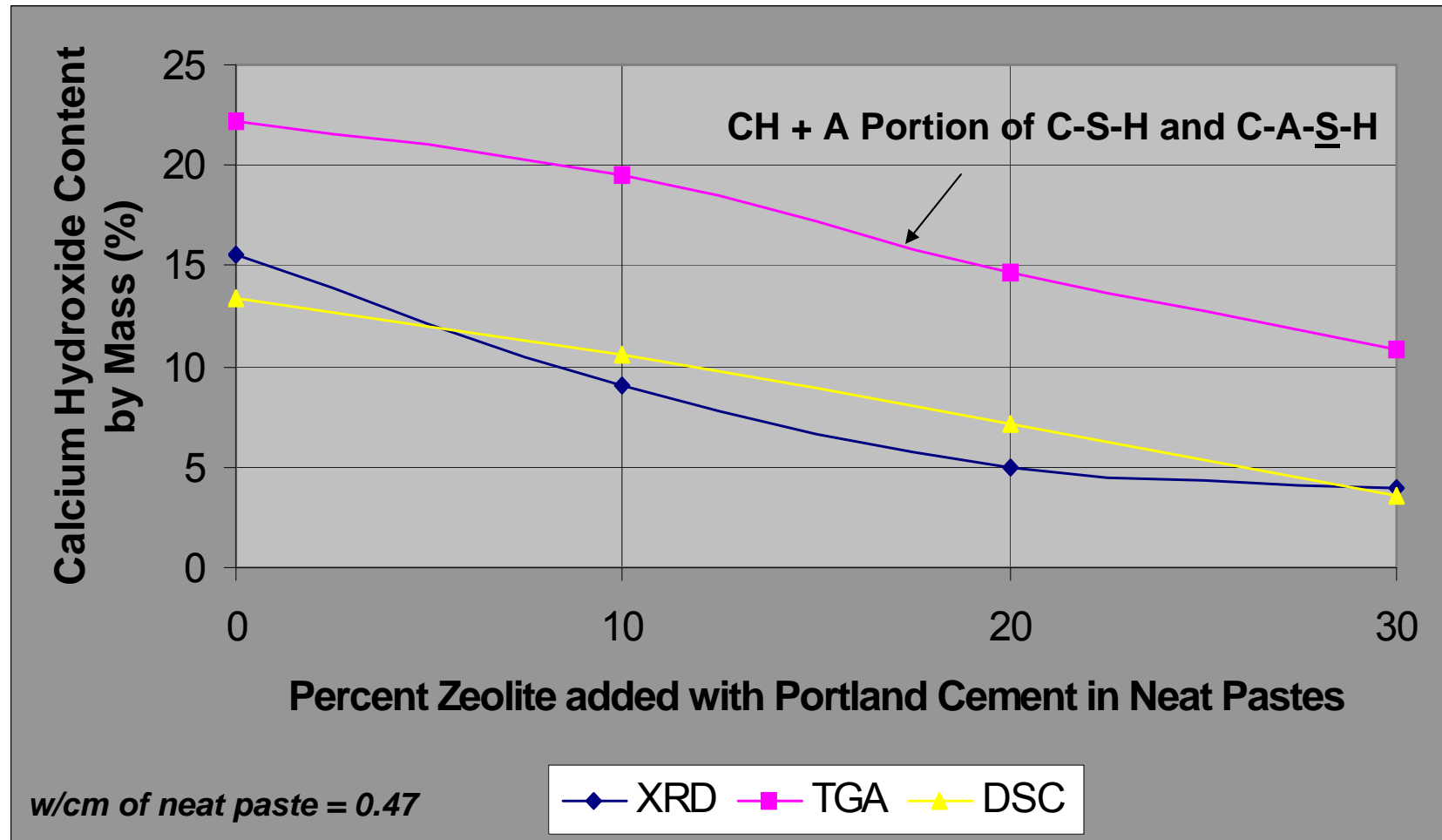
SULFATE RESISTANCE [ASTM C 1012]



25 × 25 × 285 mm Mortar Bars

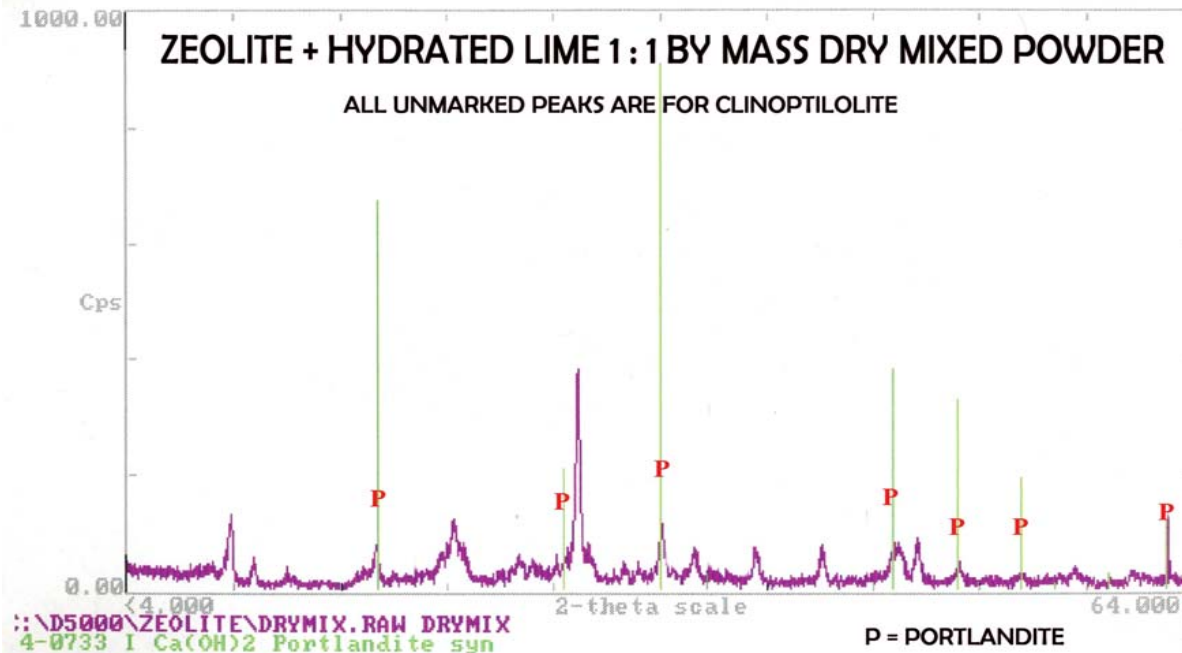
POZZOLANIC REACTION

- *The Secret Behind the “Magic” of Zeolite in Concrete*

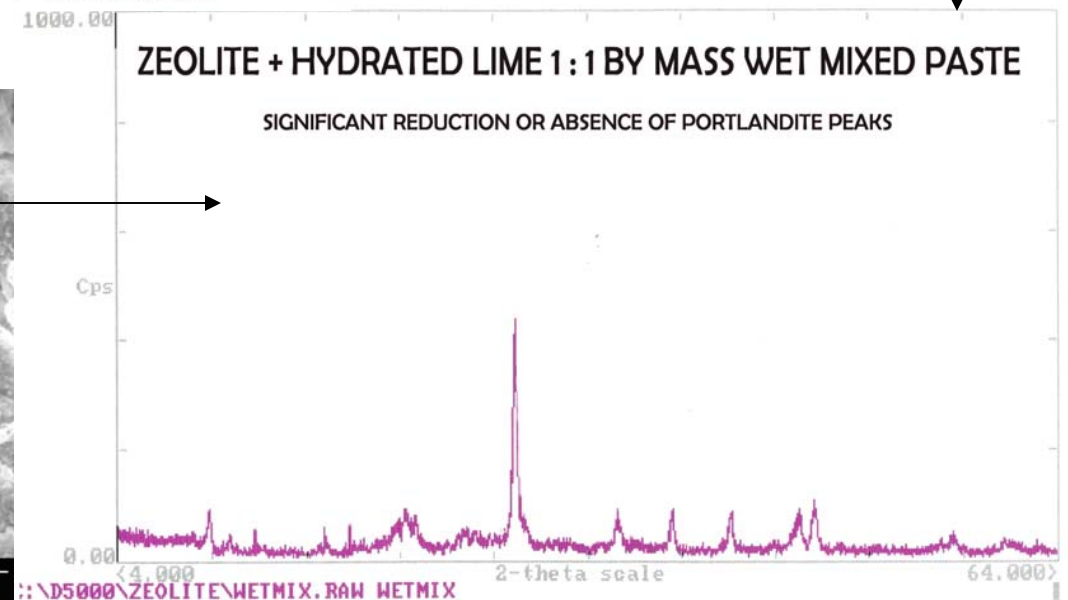
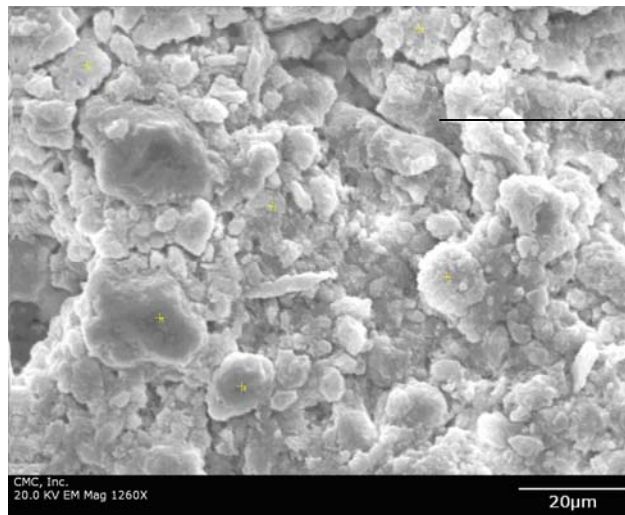
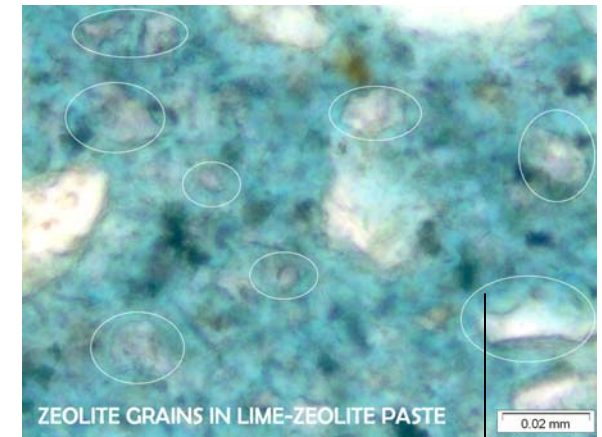


Clinoptilolite + Calcium Hydroxide → Calcium Silicate Hydrate

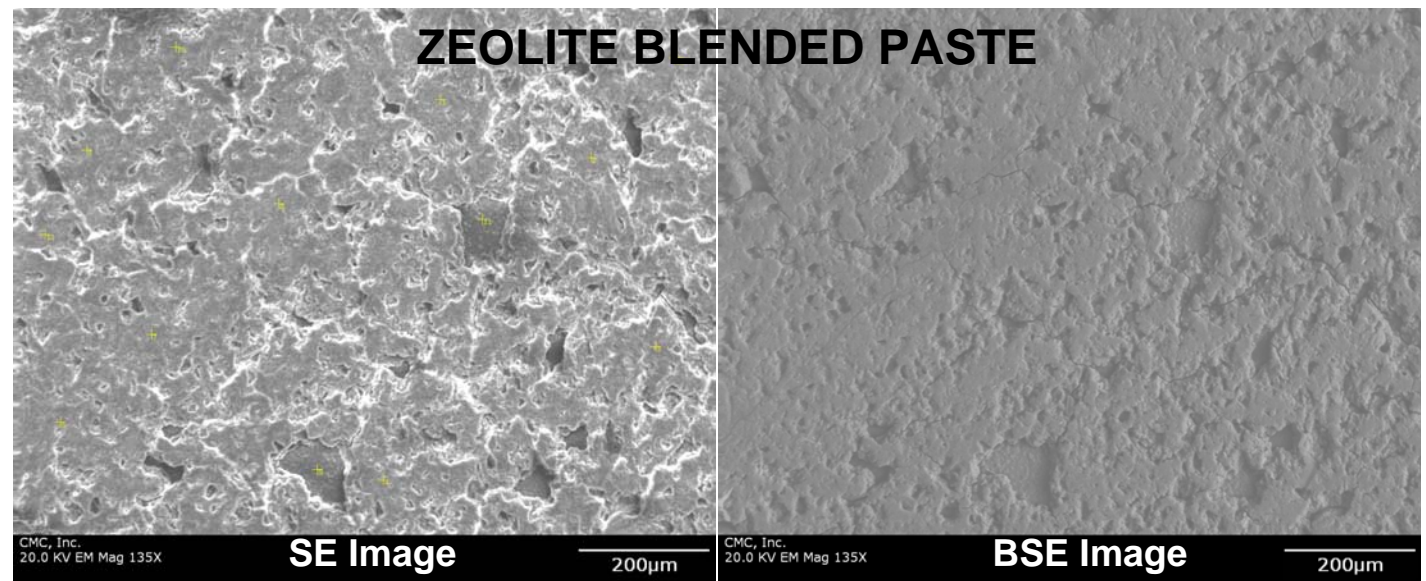
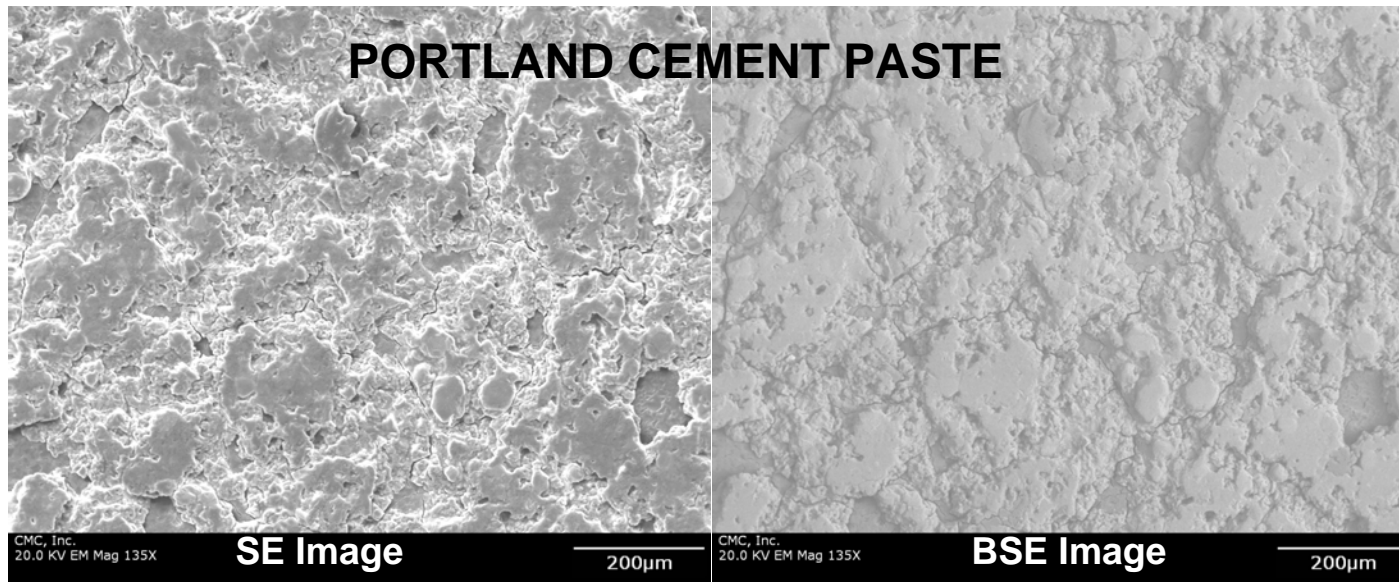
POZZOLANIC REACTION – ANOTHER EXPERIMENT



***Zeolite – Lime Mix =
Ancient Mortar Recipe***

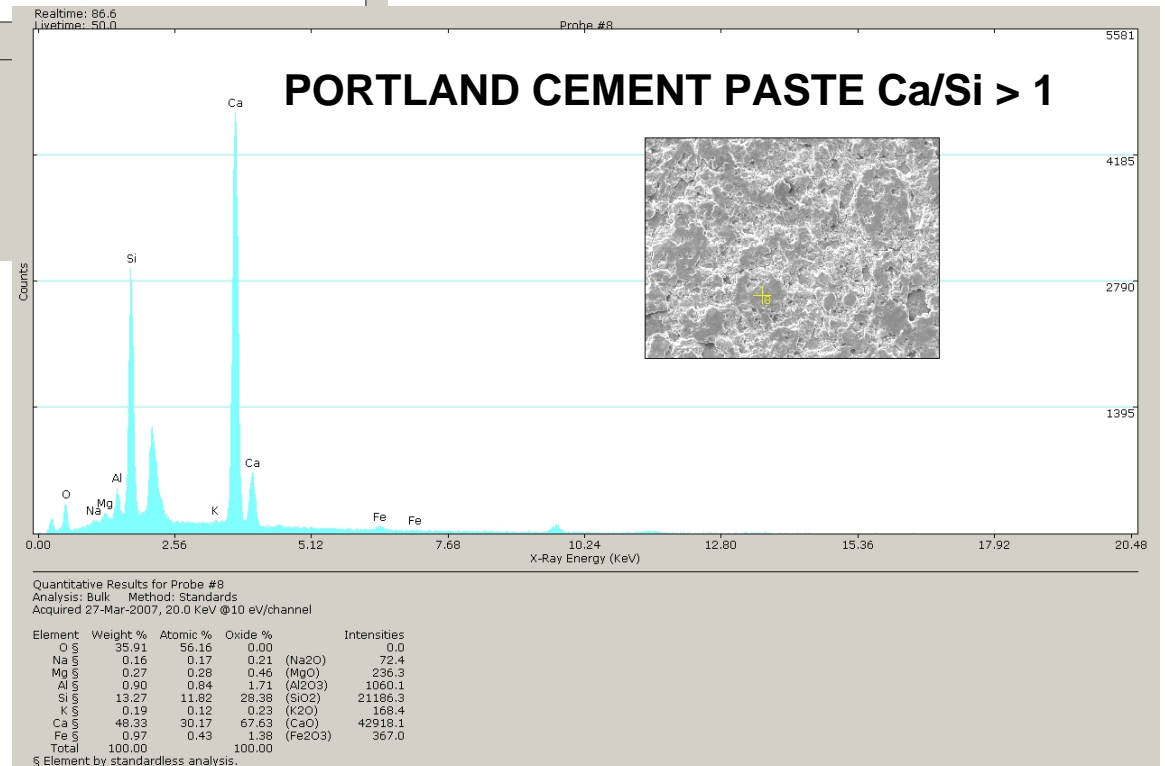
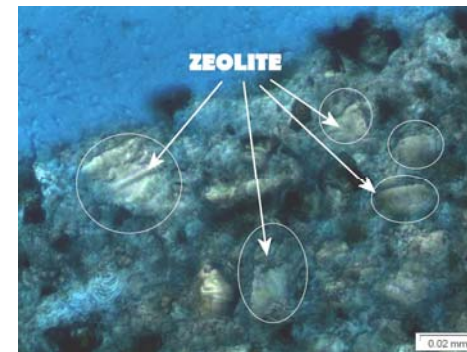
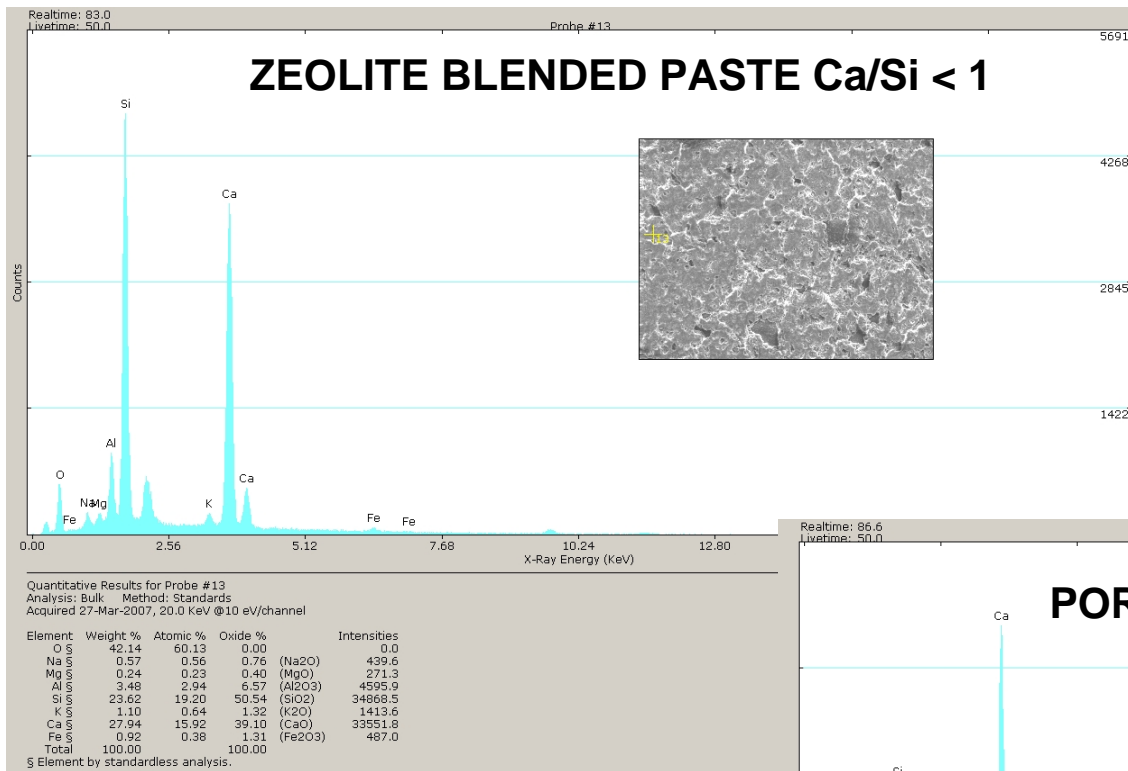


ZEOLITE-BLENDED PASTE



*Densification of paste
by pozzolanic reaction*

ZEOLITE-BLENDED PASTE



CONCLUSIONS

- ❑ Zeolite meets the ASTM C 618 specification for a Type N Pozzolan
- ❑ A reduction in Workability – Need for a High-range water-reducer
- ❑ Strength – A modest improvement at 10% & reduction at 20-30% @ 56d
Overall not a significant improvement or impairment in strength
- ❑ Durability – Significant improvements in resistance to:
 - Chloride Permeability
 - ASR Expansion
 - Acid/Sulfate Attacks
- ❑ Densification of the microstructure by pozzolanic reaction
- ❑ Zeolite Deposits in the Western USA
– A Possible “Gold Mine” for the Construction Industry

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

- ❑ **John Lawrence and Steve Olsen at Bear River Zeolite Company**
(Funding for this project was provided by the BRZ Company)
 - ❑ **Ted H. Eyde**
 - ❑ **George Desborough, USGS**
- Two nationally & internationally
recognized experts
who have written numerous
articles on zeolites*

Thank You.